

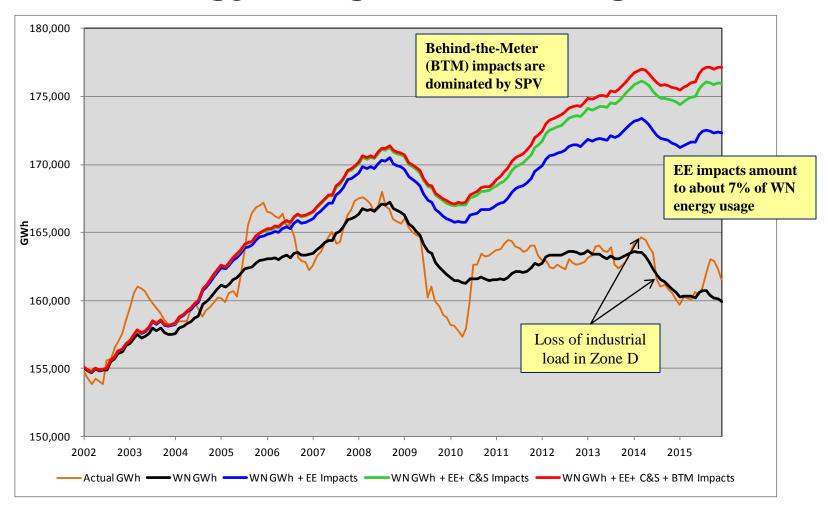
Energy Efficiency & Behind-the-Meter Impacts: Gold Book 2016

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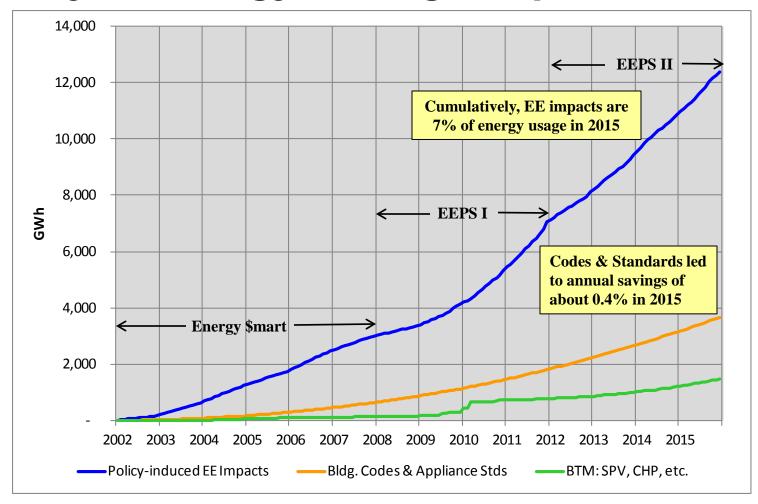
NYCA Energy Usage and Savings: 2002-15



EE Impacts include NY Energy \$mart, EEPS, NYPA, and LIPA/PSEG programs; Codes & Standards impacts imputed based on analysis of multiple studies; BTM includes Solar PV, CHP, ADG, etc.



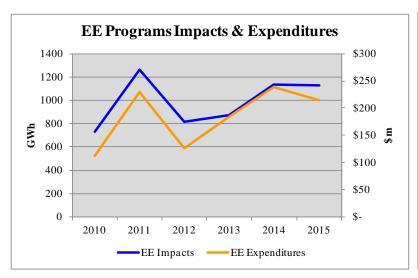
History of Energy Savings Impacts

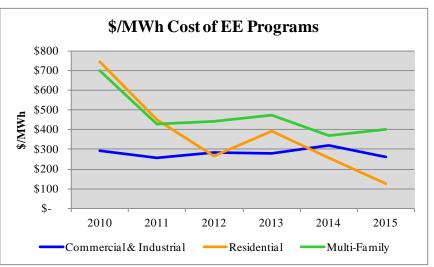


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EE Programs: NYSERDA EEPS & Utilities





The underlying figures exclude NYSERDA's Point-of-Sale Lighting Program as well as NYPA and LIPA/PSEG. NYSERDA and utilities data was projected for Q4 2015 as published data is available only through Q3 2015.

- Incentives provided through NYSERDA and individual utilities are the driver of the energy-saving impacts in these programs.
- While overall program costs have remained relatively stable over the past 5 years, there are considerable disparities in per-MWh costs across categories and across utilities.
- •Unexpended funds have been carried over to Clean Energy Fund programs



Proposed Energy Saving Programs: 2016-2025

- Energy Efficiency related programs
 - Individual utility Energy Efficiency Transition Implementation Plans (ETIPs)
 - NYSERDA's 2016-18 Transition Plan
 - Clean Energy Fund's 10-year Market Transformation Portfolio (2016-2025)
- NY-Sun
 - 2025 target of around 3,200 MW of BTM SPV
- Other Behind-the-Meter Generation
 - CEF's Onsite Generation projects (CHP, ADG, etc.)



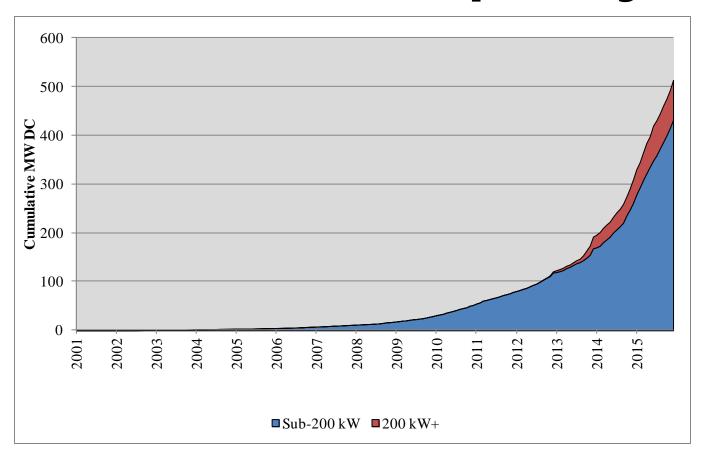
Future Energy Efficiency Program Plans

	Period	GWh Goal	Budget (\$ m)
ETIP	2016-18	1,848	\$ 582
Transition Plan	2016-18	872	\$ 428
CEF Market Transformation Portfolio	2016-25	7,792	\$ 1,966

- Per MWh costs are comparable to historic levels seen under EEPS.
- CEF program impacts are not driven by incentive payments and are projected to the result of changed energy-usage behavior on the part of residential, commercial, and industrial customers.
- Projected impacts are assumed to have a geographical distribution similar to the historic patterns revealed in previous policy-based EE programs.



NYCA BTM SPV Capacity



Annual Installations

2012: 42 MW 2013: 71 MW 2014: 118 MW 2015: 204 MW



NY-Sun Goals

(All figures in MW)

	Sub-200 kW Systems		200 kW+ Systems	Total	
	Residential	Small Commercial	C & I*	Total	
Long Island	122	54	0	176	
Con Ed Territory	302	303	340	945	
Rest of State	444	451	1272	2167	
Total	868	808	1612	3288	

^{*} These figures reflect an allowance of 20% of attrition on expected applications.

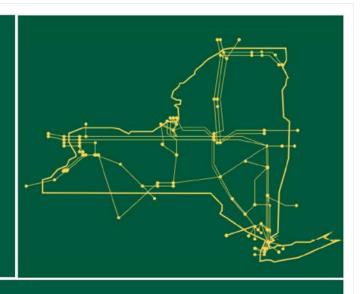
There are significant regional differences in the typical sizes of the sub-200 kW systems being installed, the growth rates of installed capacity, and the mode of acquisition (purchase vs. lease vs. PPA).

The C&I Program (200 kW+) has been relatively sluggish – mainly due to the 8-10 month gestation lags between when applications are received and when systems come into service.

The zonal forecasts will be developed using county-based adoption models.



The New York Independent System Operator (NYISO) is a not-for-profit corporation responsible for operating the state's bulk electricity grid, administering New York's competitive wholesale electricity markets, conducting comprehensive long-term planning for the state's electric power system, and advancing the technological infrastructure of the electric system serving the Empire State.



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